A “string” of verbs in a row, all done by the same person tells us that person has strong feelings and we have to figure out what they are.
A phrase that comes before and after a section is like a “frame.” It makes us focus on what is in the middle.

Avraham and Yitzhak’s conversation.
A section which echoes another section.

What is the same?
What is different?
The way someone is called or referred to instead of using his name.
When 2 verb forms from the same root come together it emphasizes the meaning of the verb. Example:

Will you rule, yes rule!
מי המומחה?
מי מפריך?
מי פועלא?

he = יהו = XXX

she = יהנה = XXX

they = יהם = XXX
A word or phrase that repeats at least three times in a section and helps to focus us on the main idea of that section.
Two phrases that use different words to give the same meaning. “Rhyming ideas.”